

### Amendments to the Abstract

A method of JPEG compression of an image frame divided up into a plurality of non-overlapping, tiled  $8 \times 8$  pixel blocks  $B_{ij}-X_i$  where  $i, j$  are integers covering all of the blocks in the image frame. A global quantization matrix  $Q$  is determined by either selecting a standard JPEG quantization table or selecting a quantization table such that the magnitude of each quantization matrix coefficient,  $Q_{ij}-Q[m,n]$  is inversely proportional to a the aggregate visual importance,  $T_{ij}$ , to in the image of a-the corresponding DCT basis vector. Next a linear scaling factor  $S_{ij}$   $S_i$  is selected for each block, bounded by user selected values  $S_{min}$  and  $S_{max}$  which defines bounds over which the image is to be variably quantized. Transform coefficients,  $D_{ijmn}-Y_i$ , obtained from a digital cosine transform of  $B_{ij}-X_i$ , are quantized with global table  $S_{min} Q$  while emulated the effects of quantization with local table  $S_i Q$  and the quantized coefficients  $T_{ijmn}-T_i[m,n]$  and  $Q*S_{min}$  global quantization table  $S_{min} Q$  are entropy encoded , where  $S_{min}$  is a user selected minimum scaling factor, to create a JPEG Part 1 image file. The algorithm is unique in that it allows for the effect of variable-quantization to be achieved while still producing a fully compliant JPEG Part 1 file.